

WORK AND SAFETY PLAN

Cooperative Gypsy Moth Project For Northern Indiana - 2009

1.0 Personnel / Organization

This project is conducted by the Indiana Department of Natural Resources (Division of Entomology and Plant Pathology and the Division of Forestry) with cooperation from the USDA, Forest Service.

- 1.1 STATE ENTOMOLOGIST - Overall responsibility for the project under Indiana law with authority to initiate and stop the project at any time.
- 1.2 STATE FORESTER - Provides contract administration and cooperation between and with the USDA - Forest Service.
- 1.3 FOREST HEALTH SPECIALIST (Div. Forestry) - Provides supervision of the project in conjunction with the Forest Entomologist; prepares and reviews the environmental assessment; assists with public meetings; prepares and assists with treatment and contract; assists with biological evaluation; and coordinates and administers safety-security plan.
- 1.4 FOREST ENTOMOLOGIST (Div. Forestry) - Provides supervision of the project in conjunction with Forest Health Specialist and Supervisory Entomologist; conducts biological evaluation of the project; prepares treatment boundaries; provides GIS support for the project; conducts pre treatment assessments for boundaries and aerial safety concerns; and assists in safety-security plan administration.
- 1.5 NURSERY INSPECTORS AND COMPLIANCE OFFICERS (Div. Entomology) – Provides supervision of the project in conjunction with the Forest Health Specialist and Forest Entomologist; conducts and assists with public meetings and public notification; assists and conducts biological evaluation; assists with safety-security plan; conducts treatments serving as treatment site observer and/or treatment site coordinator; prepares and reviews environmental assessment; monitors treatment progress; answers phone calls and monitors weather radar.
- 1.6 TREATMENT SITE OBSERVER - Monitors aerial application of treatment material from the ground; observes aircraft for proper operation of treatment equipment; documents and reports defective nozzle operation; sets and retrieves spray deposit cards; record weather information (temperature, humidity and wind speed) and foliage

expansion; records start and completion time of application; maintains radio contact with applicator; and communicates to people within treatment site.

- 1.7 **TREATMENT SITE COORDINATOR** - Conducts activities of treatment site observer; coordinates activities of treatment site observers; maintains radio contact with contractor and observers; approves start of application to the treatment site and release of the pilot to go to the next treatment site and records all activities of the treatment site.
- 1.8 **LOAD SITE OBSERVER** - Observes and records mixing and loading of treatment material; performs check of treatment equipment on aircraft for compliance with contract specifications; records amount of treatment material loaded and remaining after application; views digital application files for accuracy of application & advise applicator of any errors or problems; records other data on aircraft and pilot conducting each application; and coordinates project communications among treatment site observers, treatment site coordinators and other staff involved in the treatment.
- 1.9 **CENTRAL COMMUNICATIONS OFFICER** – Receives and responds to phone calls from the 800 number; maintains conference call to treatment site observers; treatment site coordinators; load site observer; monitors weather radars; maintains call list of people requesting notification for health reasons; coordinates with Division of Communications for press releases.
- 1.10 **CONTRACTOR** - Responsible to know and meet all state and federal regulations regarding treatment material use and aerial application; comply with specifications of the contract; to provide a safety plan for spills and safety equipment for his employees; to provide security for aircraft and treatment materials, and to conduct pre application safety meeting and fly-over of the site.

The Forest Health Specialist and Forest Entomologist are responsible for administering the treatment operation and the safety-security plan.

The use of ‘state agent’ in this plan refers to the personnel listed above in 1.3 to 1.9.

2.0 Treatment Areas

The Indiana Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), Division of Entomology & Plant Pathology and Division of Forestry, proposes a cooperative project with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Forest Service (USFS) to treat the gypsy moth populations at 12 sites in 3 counties that cover an estimated 42,707 acres (Table 1 below and maps in Appendix B). The preferred alternative for the cooperative project is Alternative 5: Btk, mating disruption and/or mass trapping.

The IDNR is conducting a state-funded project to treat two sites by ground application using Dimilin. This action is not part of the cooperative project, but it is included as an appendix in this document (Appendix E).

Table 1. Number of Treatment Sites and Acres by County and Treatment Method for 2009.

COUNTY	TREATMENT SITES By Treatment Method			TREATMENT ACRES By Treatment Method		
	Mating Disruption	Btk Aerial	Ground Treatment **	Mating Disruption	Btk Aerial	Ground Treatment **
Allen	0	8	0	0	9493	0
Kosciusko	2	0	0	31230	0	0
LaPorte	0	2	2	0	1984	<2
Cooperative Project by Treatment	2	10	0	31230	11477	0
Total Cooperative Project	12			42707		
State Project by Treatment	0	0	2	0	0	<2

**Ground treatments are not part of the cooperative project (Appendix E).

2.1 Description of the Proposed Sites

Allen County: There are approximately 432,635 acres in Allen County and 59,276 acres of forest that contain both favorable and unfavorable host species.

Arlington Park 09: The proposed treatment site contains 3532 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, linden, maple, ash, cherry, crabapple, basswood, birch, locust, cottonwood, pine, spruce, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Several trees near the center of the site were defoliated during 2008. Houses, businesses, churches and schools occur within the site.

Schools also occur adjacent to the site. There is a golf course in the northeast corner of the site. Mengerson Nature Preserve is located a quarter mile west of the proposed treatment site. Several retention ponds occur within the site. Two power lines run through the site and there are cell phone and radio towers within the site. The site was detected in 2006 and delimited in 2007 and 2008. A small part of the site was treated with mating disruption in 2006 and part of the site was treated with Btk in 2007 and 2008. Several egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Crescent 09: The proposed treatment site contains 196 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, hickory, maple, crabapple, ash, basswood, cottonwood, spruce, pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses, businesses, churches, schools and a city park occur within the site. There is a helipad at Parkview Hospital just south of the site. There are stadium lights and a cell phone tower within the site. The site was detected in 2004 and delimited in 2005, 2006 and 2007. Parts of the site were treated with Btk in 2005 to 2007 and with mating disruption treatment in 2006. Several egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Lindenwood 09: The proposed treatment site contains 507 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, hickory, maple, beech, elm, basswood, willow, tulip poplar, ash, cherry, sassafras, buckeye, hemlock, spruce, pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses, businesses, churches, schools, a city park, a cemetery and Lindenwood Nature Preserve occur within the site. There are radio, cell phone and television towers and a power line within the site. There is a tall building along Leesburg Road at the railroad tracks. There are shopping areas just southwest of the site. The site was detected in 2008 and has had no prior treatment. Several egg masses were detected in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Memorial Park 09: The proposed treatment site contains 337 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, hickory, maple, basswood, locust, ash, cottonwood, elm, crabapple, pine, spruce, hemlock, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses, businesses, churches, schools and a park occur within the site. There are churches and schools adjacent to the site. The Fort Wayne Water Pollution Control Plant is north of the site and the Maumee River is north of the site. There are several radio, cell phone and water towers and one smokestack within the site. There is a power line and stadium lights within the site. This site was detected in 2007 and delimited in 2008. Part of the site was treated with Btk in 2008. Several egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Papermill 09: The proposed treatment site contains 278 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, ash, basswood, maple, cottonwood, elm, hickory, beech, crabapple, spruce, pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses and businesses occur within the site. There are schools, a church and a retirement townhouse community adjacent to the site. There is a cell phone tower and a sports complex with soccer fields just to the south of the site. This site was detected in 2006 and delimited in 2007. Part of the site was treated with mating disruption in 2007. Several egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Smith Field 09: The proposed treatment site contains 3594 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, maple, hickory, cottonwood, ash, elm, locust, crabapple, basswood, spruce, pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Several scattered trees across the site were defoliated during 2008. Houses, businesses, churches and schools occur within the site. Several churches and schools occur adjacent to the site. Several retention ponds occur within the site and Smith Field airport is within the site. There are several radio and cell phone towers and power lines within the site. There are large security lights and stadium lights within the site. This site was detected in 2006 and was delimited in 2007 and 2008. Part of the site was treated with mating disruption in 2007 and part of the site was treated with Btk in 2007 and 2008. Several egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

St. Joe 09: The proposed treatment site contains 729 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, maple, hickory, birch, cottonwood, basswood, ash, locust, crabapple, spruce, pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Six trees had defoliation during 2008. Houses, businesses, a church and a school occur within the site. There is a school and several churches adjacent to the site. Mengerson Nature Preserves is approximately one third of a mile southwest of the proposed treatment site. There are several retention ponds within the site. There are two cell phone towers within the site. This site was detected in 2007 and delimited in 2008. Parts of the site were treated with Btk in 2008. Several egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Vance Avenue 09: The proposed treatment site contains 320 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, hickory, maple, basswood, ash, cottonwood, elm, spruce, pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses and businesses occur within the site. Several churches and schools occur adjacent to the site. A city park occurs within the site. No aerial application hazards have been identified within the site. The site was detected in 2004 and delimited in 2005 and 2006. Parts of the site were treated with Btk in 2005 and 2006 and the entire site was treated with mating disruption in 2006. Several egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this

site.

Kosciusko County: There are approximately 384,800 acres in Kosciusko County and 42,000 acres of forest that contain both favorable and unfavorable host species.

Warsaw North 09: The proposed treatment site contains 16,971 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. Oak, apple, cherry, ash, Kentucky coffeetree, sumac, hickory, white pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses, businesses, churches, and schools occur within the site. Several parks, recreational areas, lakes, ponds, and a wetlands area occur within the site. Several towers and a few power lines occur within the site. Warsaw airport is two miles north of the site and the Warsaw Hospital heliport is on the northern boundary of the site. The site was detected in 2008 and has had no prior treatment. No egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a very low gypsy moth population, and mating disruption is proposed for this site.

Warsaw South 09: The proposed treatment site contains 14,259 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with rural residences and woodlots. Oak, apple, cherry, ash, Kentucky coffeetree, sumac, hickory, white pine, and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses and farms occur within the site. Several lakes, ponds, drainage ditches and one wetlands area occur within the site. One tower occurs within the site and one tower occurs adjacent to the site. Warsaw airport is 5.5 miles north of the site and the Warsaw Hospital heliport is 4 miles north of the site. The site was detected in 2008 and has had no prior treatment. No egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a very low gypsy moth population, and mating disruption is proposed for this site.

LaPorte County: There are approximately 401,015 acres in LaPorte County and 45,618 acres of forest that contain both favorable and unfavorable host species.

Beatty Corner 09: The proposed treatment site contains 695 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with rural residences and woodlots. Oak, maple and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses occur within the site. Little Calumet Headwaters Nature Preserve is located approximately two miles south of the proposed treatment site. No aerial application hazards have been identified within the site. The site was detected in 2007 and delimited in 2008. Part of the site was treated with Btk in 2008. Egg masses were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Lofgren 09: The proposed treatment site contains 1289 acres. This site is composed of trees associated with rural residences and woodlots. Oak and maple and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses and a church occur within the site. No aerial application hazards have been identified within the site. The site was detected in 2006 and delimited in 2007 and 2008. A localized part of the site was treated with Dimilin as a ground treatment in 2007 and part of the site was treated by air with Btk in 2008. Egg masses

were detected in this site in 2008. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

3.0 Pre-treatment Operation

3.1 Biological Monitoring

- A. Egg masses are monitored near or in the treatment site(s) to determine the date of egg hatch. This is used to aid in determining the time of first application for Btk and to aid in determining the time of male moth emergence for the application of pheromone flakes (mating disruption).
- B. Larvae observed in the sites will have their stage of development determined. When approximately 25-50% of the larvae are 2nd instar, the first application of Btk is applied. The larval development will also be used to determine when pupation could occur, which will aid in determining the application time for pheromone flakes. For the Btk treatment sites, foliage expansion will be monitored so that an adequate target is available for Btk to deposit on to. Oak foliage will be used to guide foliage expansion. When expansion is near 50%, the first application will be applied. Other tree species in the project site will be monitored, also. Species such as sugar maple will also be used to determine the first application, especially if they are the major component of the overstory.
- C. The first application of Btk will be from late April through late May depending on weather. The earliest recorded male moth catch date and the above information will be used to determine the time for application of the pheromone flakes, which could be from mid June through early July.

3.2 Calibration and Characterization

- A. Treatment equipment cleaned prior to application.
- B. For Btk, clean nozzles installed and in line screen, clean and no finer than 30 mesh.
- C. Aircraft calibrated and characterized prior to application.
- D. Tanks, hoses and pump on treatment aircraft checked for leaks before the treatment material is loaded.
- E. The swath width used during application is determined in consultation with the state entomologist and USDA Forest Service using the swath width defined from characterization.
- F. Contractor will upload the most recent and correct GIS files of the treatment sites into the aircraft navigation system and verify that the navigation system will accurately guide the treatment applications.
- G. An aircraft safety check at time of calibration and characterization and at the time of loading for each application.
- H. Testing and designation of radio frequencies for ground to air communication conducted at pretreatment meetings and at the time of loading for the application.

3.3 Pre-treatment Training

A. Contractor:

1. The contractor will view the treatment site from the ground and/or air prior to the application with an agent of the State Entomologist to familiarize the contractor with the boundaries, hazards and other safety concerns.
2. The contractor will provide a spill plan.
3. Review the following information provided by the contractor to the State Entomologist:
 - a) Nozzle type/number and number of nozzle per aircraft for Btk
 - b) Swath width
 - c) Gallon per minute for Btk
 - d) PSI for Btk
 - e) Height about project area
 - f) Air speed during application
 - g) Pilot name and license # (FAA & Pesticide), years of experience
 - h) Aircraft type/model/number (FAA)
 - i) Treatment materials applied through treatment equipment just prior to this project for Btk.

B. Observers:

1. Familiarize observers with treatment site boundaries, hazards, school bus schedule and other safety concerns.
2. Instruct observers in placement and retrieval of spray deposit cards for Btk.
3. Instruct observers in radio and all phone operation and communication procedures.
4. Instruct observers in the use of monitoring procedures and equipment - temperature/humidity meter, wind meter and foliage expansion measure.
5. Instruct observers on procedures for an emergency.

4.0 Treatment Operations

4.1 Communications

A. Aircraft pilot to treatment site

1. The contractor provides radios for DNR employees to communicate with the pilot. Or, the contractor installs the DNR radio frequency or radio into the aircraft. Or, the contractor meets communication requirements of the USDA Forest Service for the application of pheromone flakes.
2. Radio communication is established at each treatment site between the pilot and treatment site observer or treatment site observer/coordinator.
3. Radio communication is used –
 - a) to give contractor clearance to start application at the treatment site;

- b) to communicate malfunctioning treatment equipment;
 - c) to communicate start and stop points for flight lines;
 - d) to communicate any skips or misses;
 - e) to communicate any hazards, safety concerns or other problems within the treatment site;
 - f) to stop application for safety and weather condition reasons;
 - g) and to release pilot and aircraft to move to the next site.
- B. Between treatment sites
 - 1. Radios and cellular phones will be used to notify each treatment site of the application progress, when the aircraft is moving to the next site, when the application is completed, any safety concerns and emergency situations.
 - 2. Cellular phones will be used to communicate to local emergency service agencies.
- C. Central communications
 - 1. One person will be assigned to take phone calls at a central phone number for the project.

4.2 Treatment Schedule and Constraints

- A. Refer to Section 3.1 - Biological Monitoring for the time of application.
- B. Second application (if applicable as per project preferred alternative for the site) of Btk is made no sooner than four days after the first application.
- C. Start date will be determined by the State Entomologist and the contractor given a minimum of 48 hours notice before first application.
- D. First application of Btk will be made when 25-50% of the gypsy moth larva are 2nd instar size. This is estimated to be between late April and late May.
- E. For pheromone flake, application will be made 1-2 weeks prior to historical date of first male moth catch from detection surveys. This is estimated to be between mid June and early July.
- F. Applications will be made under the supervision and authority of the State Entomologist or his agent in coordination with the USDA Forest Service and USDA APHIS.
- G. The State Entomologist or his agent must be present at the time of each application and will give the order to stop, start or alter application.
- H. Application will start after dawn, as stated by the National Weather Service, and continue until completed or when weather conditions and safety concerns are not acceptable for the safe operation of the treatment. Application would restart on the same day should weather conditions and safety concerns return to acceptable levels for a safe operation.
- I. Application will stop when wind speeds exceed 10 mph or cause the treatment to drift off the project location.
- J. Application of Btk will be suspended when school buses are in the site and when children are outside on school grounds. The State Entomologist or his agent will contact the local school district for bus schedules at the project site and inform the vendor when treatment will stop.

- K. Treatment of Btk will be done when weather reports indicate there will be no rain for a minimum of 24 hours, preferably 48 hours. However, depending on weather patterns and development of larva and foliage, a 6-hour minimum period of no rain will be used as decided by the State Entomologist or his agent to allow application.
- L. Low relative humidity below 50% and high temperature above 80 F may stop application. Treatment may continue at temperatures above 80 F if there are no thermal inversions.
- M. Treatment of pheromone flakes will be done when weather reports indicate there will be no threat of rain within one hour after treatment.

4.3 Pilot Briefing

- A. Review Section 3.3 A. – Pre-treatment Training with Contractor
- B. Update pilot on any changes in treatment site boundaries, hazards, or other safety concerns.
- C. Insure navigation system and treatment file is properly linked.
- D. Check treatment file in the navigation system to insure the file is the most recent version and contains the correct treatment boundaries should there be any changes in boundaries to mitigate issues regarding the treatment sites.
- E. Review treatment application at end of application or end of day.

4.4 Mixing and Loading

- A. Btk will be applied undiluted, as per the label or recommendations of the manufacturer. The rate is between 24 to 38 BIU/acre.
- B. The pheromone flakes will be applied per the label, the recommendations of the manufacturer or the recommendation of the USDA Forest Service. The rate is 15 or 6 grams AI/acre unless amended by manufacturer or USDA Forest Service.
- C. The treatment material will be mixed according to the label directions.
- D. Mixing and loading shall occur under the supervision of the State Entomologist or his agent. The State Entomologist and the contractor will mutually agree upon the site(s) for loading and mixing. The site(s) shall be located in proximity to the treatment site(s).
- E. Excess treatment material from each application shall be disposed of according to the label and all state and federal safety guidelines by the vendor.
- F. The contractor provides equipment for mixing, loading.
- G. Contractor is responsible to clean up treatment material and fuel spills.
- H. Contractor provides a safety plan for spills.
- I. Contractor provides safety clothes and equipment for the contractor's employees
- J. Contractor provides the following in written form for each application:
 - 1. Nozzle type/number and number of nozzle per aircraft.
 - 2. Swath width.
 - 3. Gallon per minute.
 - 4. PSI.

5. Height about project area.
6. Air speed during application.
7. Pilot name and license # (FAA & Pesticide), years of experience.
8. Aircraft type/model/number (FAA).
9. Treatment materials applied through sprayer just prior to this project.
- K. The load site observer will record information about mixing and loading
 1. amount of treatment material loaded,
 2. amount of treatment material remaining,
 3. amount and type of sticker loaded.
- L. The load site observer will inspect the treatment equipment for:
 1. treatment equipment clean,
 2. new and clean nozzles installed,
 3. in line screen, clean and no finer than 30 mesh,
 4. tanks, hoses and pump on treatment aircraft checked for leaks,
 5. treatment equipment operating properly.
- M. The load site observer tests radio communication between the ground and air.

4.5 Application Monitoring

- A. Treatment site observer will record and monitor the following during application:
 1. temperature
 2. relative humidity
 3. wind speed.
- B. Treatment site observer will set and recover spray deposit cards, if utilized for a treatment site.
- C. Treatment site observer will observe treatment emitting from aircraft. The pilot will be notified and treatment will be halted if the pattern and coverage are seriously altered.
- D. Treatment site observer will observe flight path, start/stop points for application, note any problems or deviations and advise pilot, treatment site coordinator and load site observer of the problems or deviations.
- E. Treatment site coordinator will approve start of application to the site and release of the pilot to go to the next site.
- F. Treatment site observers will visually verify that the proper boundaries are used. (See Section 3.3 B. - Pre-treatment Training for Observers).
- G. Load site observer will receive digital files that record treatment application from the applicator at (see Section 1.9 – Load site observer) the end of each treatment day or when a treatment is completed. Load site observer will view digital files for accuracy of application & advise applicator of any errors or problems.

5.0 Public Notification

- 5.1 Residences in the treatment sites will be notified of the decision to proceed with the project two weeks before treatment by direct mail. The residences and the public will

also be notified approximately two weeks before treatment by using news releases via local newspapers and radio/TV stations.

- 5.2 The media will be notified three days before starting treatment and asked to provide information on the treatment and the treatment date to the residences in the treatment sites and the public.
- 5.3 Local emergency agencies will be notified of the treatment date and time and given information or contact persons to direct questions.
- 5.4 Offices of county/municipal officials (extension agents, mayor, etc.) will be notified of the treatment date and time prior to treatment. Contact persons and other information will be provided as needed
- 5.5 Notification will contain information pertinent to the specific treatment, treatment schedule, and precautions to be taken.

6.0 Security

6.1 Treatment Product

- A. The State will require a certificate of analysis from the manufacturer prior to application.
- B. The manufacturer will provide a chain of custody document to the contractor upon delivery of the product.
- C. The manufacturer provides factory seals at the point of origin.
- D. The contractor will retain the chain of custody document and provide it to the State agent prior to application.
- E. The contractor must notify the State agent when the product has arrived and is in his/her custody.
- F. Upon delivery the contractor must provide a storage facility for the product that is locked and secured.
- G. A State agent will inspect the product within 24 hours of notification that the contractor has received the product.
- H. Upon notification that the contractor has received the product, the State agent shall notify responsible security officials (police, sheriff and/or conservation officers) where the product is located and request the location be monitored periodically until the treatment project has been officially completed.

6.2 Aircraft Security

- A. The aircraft will be secured in a hanger or disabled when not in use.
- B. The spray equipment – hoppers, tanks, pumps, hoses and mixing equipment – will be secured in a hanger or sealed at the end of each workday.
- C. The airport facility will be monitored periodically until the treatment project has been officially completed.

- 6.3 Pilot
A. The pilot must have FAA approval for restricted areas.
- 6.4 Airport Security
A. Access to the airport loading and storage areas will be restricted.
B. Identification will be required for access to airport loading and storage areas, and other operation sites.

7.0 Safety

- 7.1 Handling of Treatment Material
A. Contractor will provide protective clothing for his employees.
B. Contractor will provide safety equipment at the load site for spills of treatment material.
C. Contractor provides a safety plan for spills.
D. Contractor is responsible to clean up treatment material spills.

7.2 Accidental Spill

The contractor will provide a spill plan for the loading/mixing of the treatment material and for fueling the aircraft. This plan will be followed in case of an accidental spill. In the event a spill does occur or pilot has to dump the treatment material, the following will be notified:

- Safety Officer of the DNR (Ric Edwards) 317-232-4145
- State Chemist Office 765-494-1492
- State Police
- Dept. of Environmental Management Spill Line 888-233-7745
- Local authorities: police, fire department, hospitals as warranted
- USDA, Forest Service: Northeastern Area Aviation Officer (Dan Zimmerman) 610-742-7860.
- CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Center) 800-424-9300
- National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway) 800-424-8802

7.3 Safety Training

Safety training will be incorporated into the pre treatment training for treatment site and load site observers and other personnel. The Work and Safety Plan will be reviewed at the time of application. Individuals will review emergency procedures, phone numbers, the communication procedure, the location of emergency equipment, and the monitoring procedure.

7.4 Accident Reporting

In the event of an accident, the treatment site observer or other project personnel will notify the State Police, 911 services if available in project area, county/municipal police, fire department, hospital and EMS for emergency situations. Also notified will be those listed under accidental spill.

Project personnel will assist in the emergency situation as needed.

7.5 Project Aviation Safety Plan

This Work & Safety Plan is referenced to and addendum to the USDA, Forest Service Aviation Management Plan 2009 for the Mating Disruption Treatment Project.

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	ARLINGTON PARK 09 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police – Fort Wayne	911 or 260 427 1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department – main station	911 260 427 1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Parkview North Hospital 11115 Parkview Plaza Drive Fort Wayne, IN 46845	911 260 672 4000
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260 427 1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	260 489 8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	CRESCENT 09 (Btk x2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police – Fort Wayne	911 or 260-427-1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department – main station	911 or 260-427-1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Parkview Hospital 2200 Randallia Drive Fort Wayne, IN 46805	911 260 373 4000
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260-427-1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809 (Annie)	260-489-8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	LINDENWOOD 09 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police	911 or 260-427-1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department	911 260 427 1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Lutheran Hospital 7950 West Jefferson Blvd Fort Wayne, IN 46804	911 260 435 7001
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department4	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260 427 1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	260 489 8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	MEMORIAL PARK 09 (Btk x2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police – Fort Wayne	911 or 260-427-1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department – main station	911 260 427 1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Parkview Hospital 2200 Randallia Drive Fort Wayne, IN 46805	911 260 373 4000
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260 427 1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	260 489 8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	PAPERMILL 09 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police	911 or 260-427-1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department	911 260 427 1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Dupont Hospital 2520 East Dupont Road Fort Wayne, IN 46825	911 260 416 3000
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department4	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260 427 1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	260 489 8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	SMITH FIELD 09 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police	911 or 260-427-1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department	911 260 427 1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Dupont Hospital 2520 East Dupont Road Fort Wayne, IN 46825	911 260 416 3000
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260 427 1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	260 489 8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	ST JOE 09 (Btk x2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police – Fort Wayne	911 or 260-427-1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department – main station	911 or 260-427-1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Parkview Hospital 2200 Randallia Drive Fort Wayne, IN 46805	911 260 373 4000
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260-427-1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	260-489-8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

Allen County

SITE (Treatment Method):	VANCE AVENUE 09 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department (Dispatch)	911 or 260 449 7661
City Police	911 or 260-427-1230
State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 800-552-0976
Fire Department and EMS Fort Wayne Fire Department	911 260 427 1170
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C.O.) 1353 South Governors Drive Columbia City, IN 46725	260 244 3720
Hospital: Parkview Hospital 2200 Randallia Drive Fort Wayne, IN 46805	911 260 373 4000
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management – Spill Line	888 233 7745
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	800 424 9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800 424 8802
Health Department	260 449 7561
Extension Agent – Ricky Kemery	260 481 6826
Fort Wayne Mayor’s Office, Mayor Tom Henry	260 427 1111
FAA – Fort Wayne Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport: Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne, IN 46825 Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. Furguson Rd. #209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	260 489 8020 260 747 4146
Allen County Office of Homeland Security Director Bernard Beier	260 439 8300

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

KOSCIUSKO COUNTY

SITE (Treatment Method):	WARSAW NORTH 09 & WARSAW SOUTH 09 (Mating Disruption)
Police Department – Warsaw - Perry Hunter, Chief - Wynona Lake – Paul Schmitt, Chief - Claypool -	911 or 574-372-9511 911 or 574-267-8622 911 or 573-566-2322
Sheriff Department – Sheriff William "Rocky" Goshert	911 or 574-267-5667 (Dispatch Office)
State Police	911 or 574 546-4900 800-552-2959
Fire Department and EMS – Wynona Lake - Warsaw - Pierceton - Claypool	911 or 574-267-4708 911 or 574-372-9502 911 or 574-594-2132 911 or 574-566-2545
County Emergency Management – Edward Rock	574-371-2602
Law Enforcement District 1 Headquarters (C.O.) 9822 N Turkey Creek Rd, Syracuse, IN 46567	574-457-8092
Hospital: Kosciusko Community Hospital 2101 E DuBois Drive	574-267-3200 800-828-5628
Poison Control	800-382-9097
Dept. of Environmental Management - Spill Line	888-233-7745
CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Center)	800-424-9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800-424-8802
Health Department – Bob Weaver	574-372-2349
Extension Agent – Kelly Easterday	574-372-2344
Mayor of Warsaw – Ernest Wiggins	574-372-9595
Town Coordinator of Wynona Lake – Craig Allebach	574-267-7581
Kosciusko County Commissioners	574-267-4444
FAA South Bend FSDO Airport Traffic Control Local Coordinator	574 245 4600 574 236 8405 317-246-4500
Nearest Airport: Warsaw Municipal Airport 3000 Airport Drive, Warsaw, IN	574 372-9541

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

LAPORTE COUNTY

SITE (Treatment Method):	BEATTY 09 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department	219-362-6205
City Police	N/A
State Police	911 or 219-696-6242 800-552-8917
Fire Department and EMS Coolspring Township Volunteer	911 or 219-872-2097
Law Enforcement District 10 Headquarters (C.O.) 100 W. Water St. Michigan City, IN 46360	219-879-5710
Hospital: St. Anthony, 301 Homer, Michigan City LaPorte Hospital, State & Madison, LaPorte	911 or 219-879-8511 911 or 219-326-1234
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management - Spill Line	888-233-7745
CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Center)	800-424-9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800-424-8802
Hazmat	219-326-6808 ext 265
Health Department	219-326-6808 ext 200
Extension Agent	219-324-9407
Town Manager	N/A
FAA Accident Report South Bend Control	574-236-8480 574-236-8405
Nearest Airport: Michigan Municipal Airport, 5814 E Michigan Blvd Michigan City, IN	219-872-0121

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
2009 COOPERATIVE GYPSY MOTH PROJECT**

LAPORTE COUNTY

SITE (Treatment Method):	LOFGREN 09 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department	219-362-6205
City Police	N/A
State Police	911 or 219-696-6242 800-552-8917
Fire Department and EMS Kankakee Township	911
Law Enforcement District 10 Headquarters (C.O.) 100 W. Water St. Michigan City, IN 46360	219-879-5710
Hospital: St. Anthony, 301 Homer, Michigan City LaPorte Hospital, State & Madison, LaPorte	911 or 219-879-8511 911 or 219-326-1234
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management - Spill Line	888-233-7745
CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Center)	800-424-9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway)	800-424-8802
Hazmat	219-326-6808 ext 265
Health Department	219-326-6808 ext 200
Extension Agent	219-324-9407
Town Manager	N/A
FAA Accident Report South Bend Control	574-236-8480 574-236-8405
Nearest Airport LaPorte Municipal Airport 2341 S. State Road 39, LaPorte	219-324-3393